

## **NextSTEP Hab Overview**



#### **NextSTEP Phase 1: 2015-2016**

Cislunar habitation concepts that leverage commercialization plans for LEO









**FOUR** SIGNIFICANTLY DIFFERENT CONCEPTS **RECEIVED** 

Partners develop required deliverables, including concept descriptions with concept of operations, NextSTEP Phase 2 proposals, and statements of work.

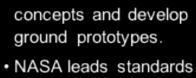
#### **NextSTEP Phase 2:** 2016-2018



**FIVE GROUND PROTOTYPES** BY 2018







Partners refine

and common interfaces development.

#### ONE CONCEPT STUDY



Initial discussions with international partners





Define reference habitat architecture in preparation for Phase 3.

#### **Phase 3:** 2018+

- · Partnership and Acquisition approach, leveraging domestic and international capabilities
- · Development of deep space habitation capabilities
- Deliverables: flight unit(s)

## NextSTEP Phase 2 Goal



Develop a deep space habitat for ground-based testing by 2018, while simultaneously stimulating commercial habitat development in LEO

- Develop long-duration deep-space habitation <u>capabilities</u> that lead towards a deep-space transit habitat and can be flown on SLS flight(s) (or alternative launch vehicles) starting by the early to Mid 2020s.
- Advance the long duration deep space habitation capability concepts and mature the
  design and development of the integrated system(s) to achieve a high level of fidelity.
  - Developing prototype deep space habitation capability options to test a full size ground prototype unit(s) by the end of Phase 2 in 2018 to support first flight opportunities in Early to Mid 2020s
- Potential for different capabilities from domestic and international suppliers will require standards and common interfaces for aggregation. NASA led standards working group will be implemented during Phase 2.

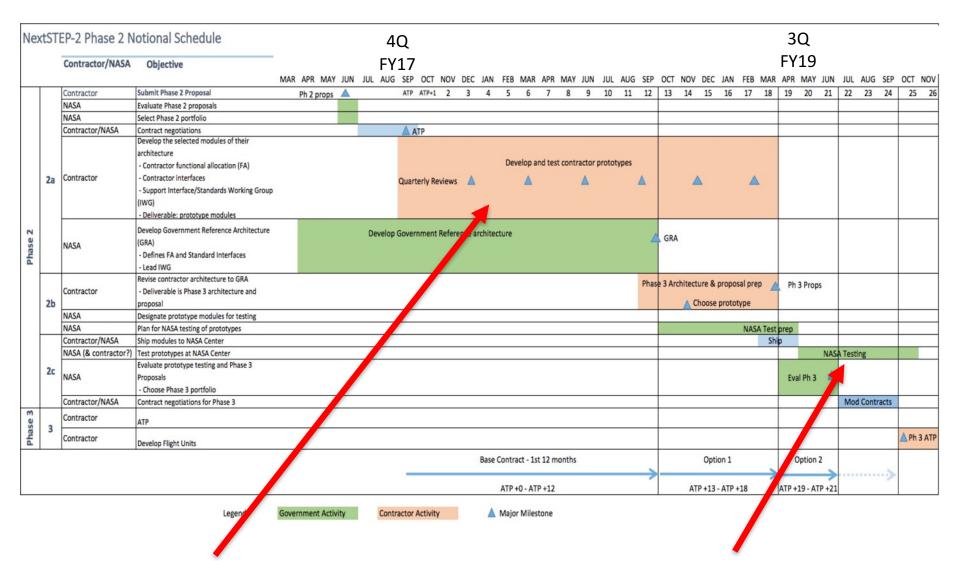


Ground Prototype units delivered to NASA for testing and integration of NASA developed habitation systems

- Testing includes form, fit, volumetric, subsystem integration, and interface standards
- May use NASA-developed node/airlock and hab mockups for integration testing with contractor modules
- Ensures consistent test and interface verification approach, allows us to incorporate and test other AES subsystems, facilitates crew training and feedback on human factors, shows stakeholders progress

## NextSTEP Phase 2 Schedule





18 Months of Prototype Development

6 Months of NASA Evaluation

# Habitat Ground Testing





## NextSTEP Ground Test



- Purpose of NextSTEP Ground Testing
  - Evaluate design concepts for habitation systems, through test
    - Use test to support RAC and DAC analysis
  - Mature requirements for NextSTEP Phase 3
- NextSTEP is a Public/Private Partnership
  - Collaborate with partners, to ensure design ideas are fully explored
  - Allow NASA to make the most of the limited time we have for test
- Identify elements of design that impact integrated performance
  - Packaging
  - Logistics
  - Consumables
  - Interfaces

Goal: Prepare habitat systems for successful Ground Test execution

## NextSTEP Ground Test

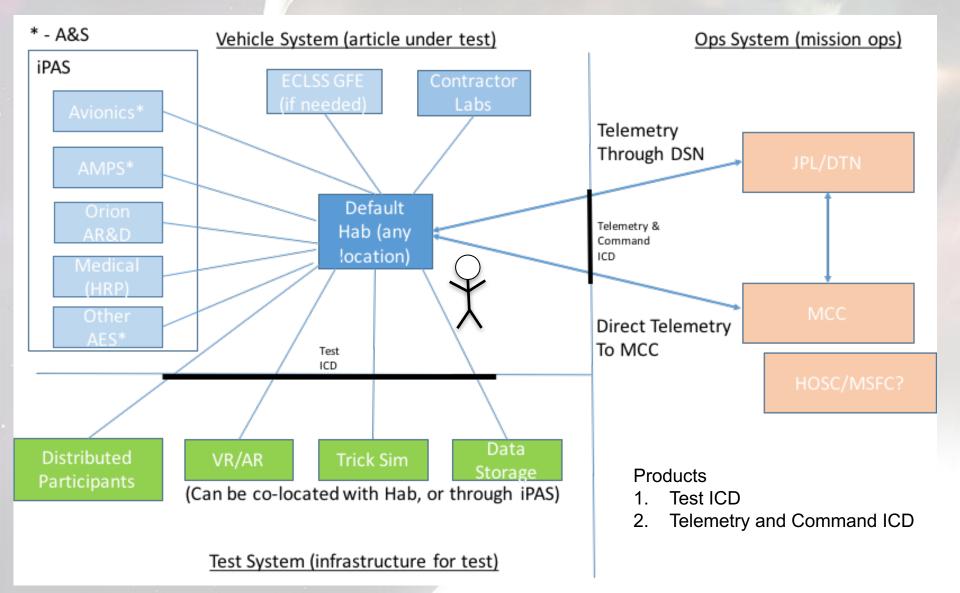


- Focus for FY17
  - Engage Stakeholders and Subject Matter Experts
    - "Break the Silos"
  - Develop and practice methodology for test
    - Includes managing Requirements, Test Objectives, Execution Plan
  - Develop and mature capability for integration and test
    - Ground Test Services: Architecture, Simulation, Visualization
    - Environments: iPAS "Flat Hab" and B9 Habitat Modules
  - If possible, derive value from tests (but not biggest thing this year)

Train the Testers and Prepare the Infrastructure

### Test Architecture





#### Ground Test Methodology – Top Down



#### HEOMD Exploration Objectives

• Objective 1.1:
Expand human
presence into the
solar system and to
the surface of Mars
to advance
exploration,
science,
innovation,
benefits to
humanity, and
international
collaboration

#### Hab Flight Objectives (BAA, FCT, HRP)

- Transportation: CTO TRN021 -Demonstrate Orion's ability to support missions with at least 4 crew of 21+ days in conjunction with additional elements
- Working in Space:
   CTO WIS006 Demonstrate cis-lunar
   transit habitat EVA
   system servicing
   accommodation
- Staying Healthy: CTO STH012 -Obtain data and evaluate the ability to monitor recovery, purification, storage, and reuse of water for human consumption.

#### Stack-Level Functional Requirements

- The cis-lunar habitat shall accommodate one 30 – 60 day mission per year.
- The cis-lunar habitat shall provide accommodations for personal hygiene, including WCS operations, bathing, dental hygiene, personal grooming, etc. for 4 crewmembers.
- The cis-lunar habitat shall be designed to perform EVAs without depressurization of the Orion Crew Vehicle or the habitation element.
- The cis-lunar habitat shall provide robotic operations for berthing and repositioning.

# Ground Test Objectives & Analysis Protocols

- Evaluate three different exercise devices in the various habitat options, accessing location, volumes, interferences etc.
  - Rationale
  - Hypothesis

#### Evaluation Methods

- Inspection
- Demonstration
- Analysis
- Subsystem standalone test
- Human-in-the-loop single day test
- Human-in-the-loop multi-day test

STH = staying healthy

CTO = candidate test objective

TRN = transportation
WIS = working in space

## **HEOMD Objectives**



- The National Space Policy of the United States of America directs that the Administrator of NASA shall:
  - Set far-reaching exploration milestones. By 2025, begin crewed missions beyond the Moon, including sending humans to an asteroid. By the mid-2030s, send humans to orbit Mars and return them safely to Earth.
- The NASA Authorization Act of 2010 establishes the following as a matter of national policy:
  - A long term objective for human exploration of space should be the eventual international exploration of Mars.
- The 2014 NASA Strategic Plan codifies this national policy as Agency policy under Strategic Goal 1:
  - Strategic Goal 1: Expand the frontiers of knowledge, capability, and opportunity in space.
- In support of this Agency Strategic Goal 1, <u>HEOMD is responsible</u> for three Objectives that are relevant to the establishment of the Exploration Objectives:
  - Objective 1.1: Expand human presence into the solar system and to the surface of Mars to advance exploration, science, innovation, benefits to humanity, and international collaboration.
  - Objective 1.2: Conduct research on the International Space Station
     (ISS) to enable future space exploration, facilitate a commercial space
     economy, and advance the fundamental biological and physical
     sciences for the benefit of humanity.
  - Objective 1.3: Facilitate and utilize U.S. commercial capabilities to deliver crew and cargo to space.



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HUMAN EXPLORATION AND OPERATIONS EXPLORATION OBJECTIVES

Publicly available: Release to Public Websites Requires Approval of Chief, Office of Primary Responsibility

#### Ground Test Methodology – Bottoms Up



#### Identify SMEs

#### Kickoff with Each SME

#### SME Objectives Capture

Review with GT Team

Present to NextSTEP

- SME List from NextSTEP
- Developed with Dan Sweeney
- Outreach to EA/FCT

- Common Introduction
- Introduce Test
   Objectives Request
   (TOR) form Sharepoint
- Practice developing a few test objectives
- Trained to use Sharepoint list

- Teams met separately
- Developed 3-5 test objectives per area
- Teams enter objectives into Sharepoint
- Reviewed directly from Sharepoint
- Collected comments from broad team
- Learned how to write test objectives

April

Identify meaningful and achievable objectives for Ground Test.

# Test Objectives from SMEs



		- /
	Group	Domain
	GFE	ECLSS
	GFE	Exercise
	GFE	Radiation
	GFE	SoftGoods
	GFE	Windows
	AES	Avionics & Software
	AES	Power
	AES	Autonomy
	AES	Comm/ DTN
	AES	Logistics
	AES	Advanced EMU/ EVA
	HRP	ExMC
1	HRP	Human Factors & Habitability
	Domain	Propulsion
	Domain	GNC
b	Domain	Structures
	Domain	Active Thermal Control
	Domain	EVA
	Domain	MCC/Ops
	Domain	Safety & MA
	Domain	Robotics
	Domain	Science

- Identified SMEs per category
- Consider test objectives
- Focus on what is achievable through Ground Test
  - VR
  - Simulation
  - Hardware Test

## Simulation – Dr. Zack Crues

Exit

Full

Screen



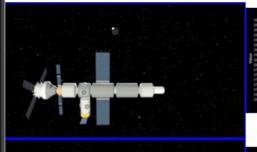


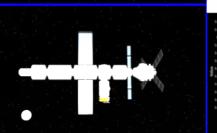


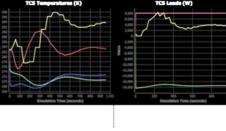
Overlay

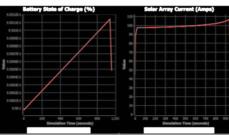
On/Off











# Visualization – Eddie Paddock



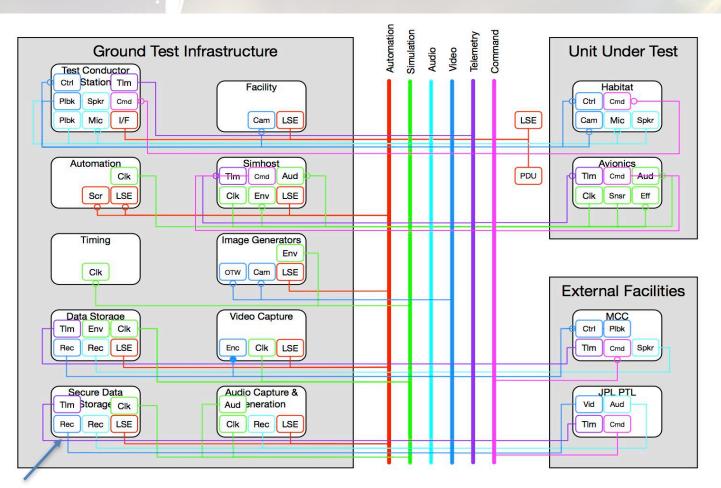
#### Methodology

- Establish Data Format requirements for contractor deliverables
- Receive CAD and other data for habitats
- Integrate data into NASA VR enviornments
- Learn to evaluate designs using VR



## Test Architecture – Paul Bielski

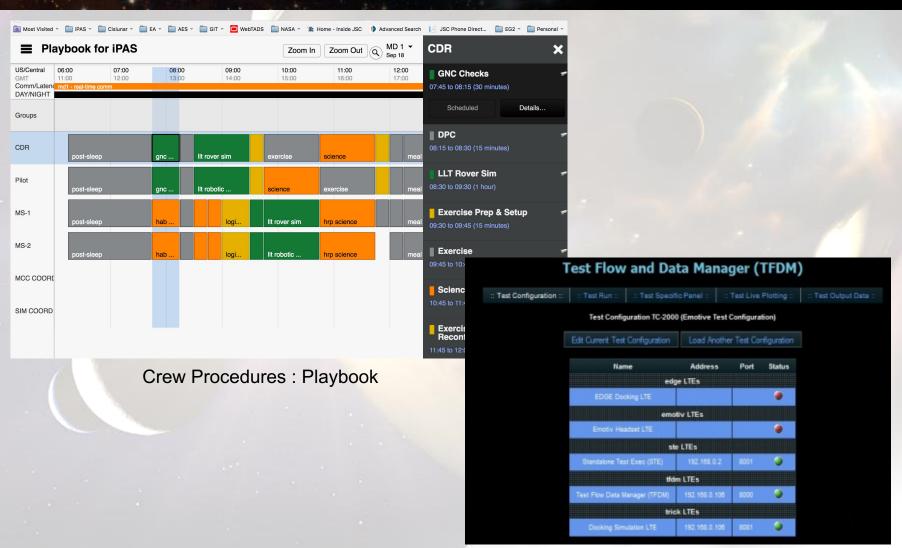




Medical Data Proprietary Data

## Test Execution





Test Procedures: mREST

# Mission Operations





MPCV Hardware / Software iPAS Lab, JSC Bldg. 29

#### **Telemetry**

#### Command



DSN Operations Center JPL Protocol Test Lab



JPL OTF, JSC Bldg. 30



## iPAS – Technology Integration and Test





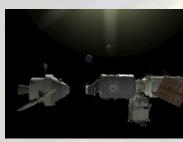
JSC, Building 29



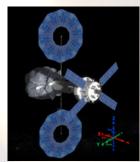
**Distributed Data Network** 



Asteroid Encounter (2011)



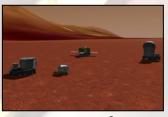
Waypoint Gateway (2012)



Asteroid Redirect (2013)



Phobos Orbit (2014)



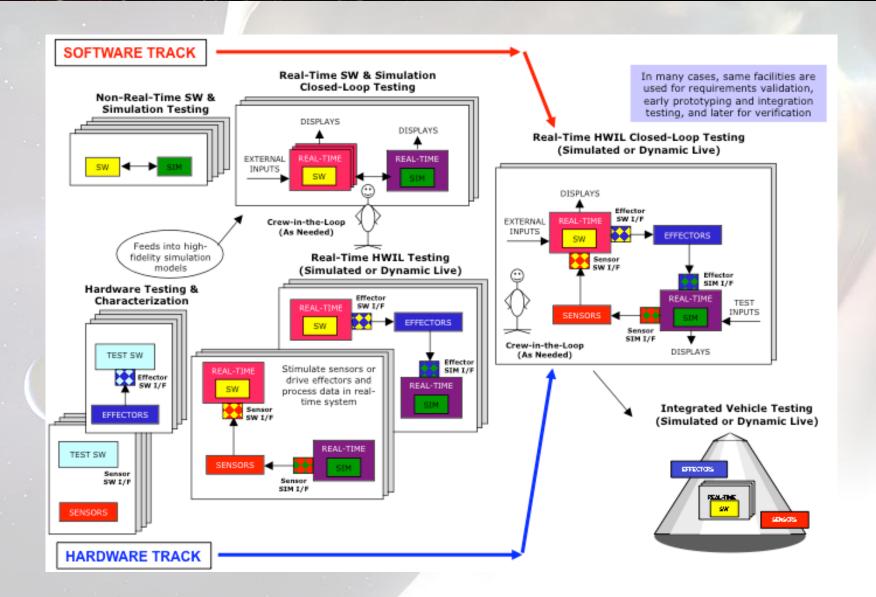
Mars Surface (2015)



AA2 HSI Testing (2016)

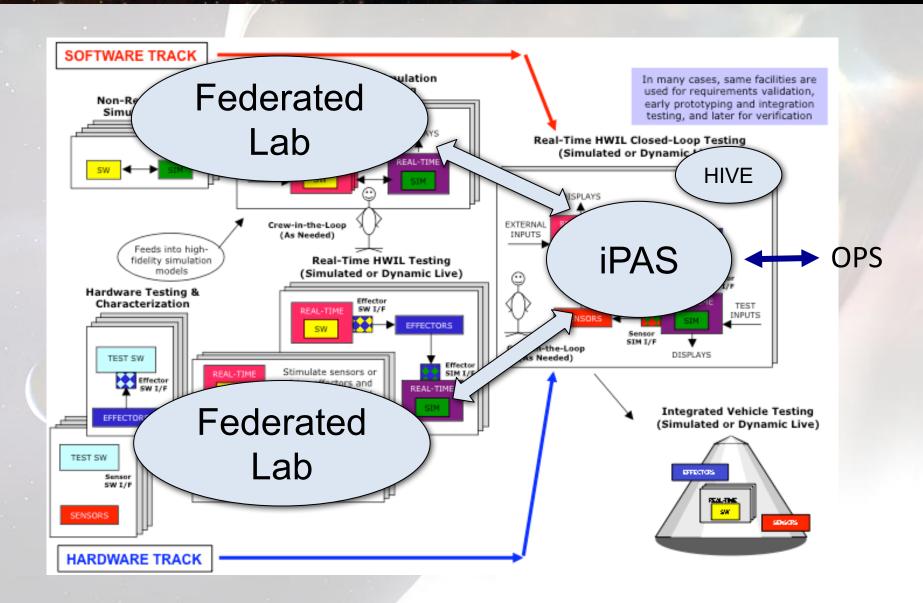
## Research & Technology Development





## Research & Technology Development





## Co-location When Feasible



#### **Avionics**

- Processors
- Networks
- Wireless
- Comm

#### **GN&C**

- ALHAT
- Crew Piloting
- On-board Trajectory Planning

#### Core Flight SW

- Framework
- Apps Store
- GNC Apps
- Hardware Apps

# AA2 HESTIA AES WEAR ASOft UPCs IPAS AMPS WEAR AES X.TB Dome Power Distribution Building 29 Rotunda Water Lab

#### **Delay Tolerant Net**

- Mission
   Evaluation
- DTN on Radio
- DTN on Computer

#### Advanced Modular Power

- Power Systems
- Integration with avionics in DSH

#### Habitat/HSI

- Exercise
- Medical
- Crew Displays
- Autonomy

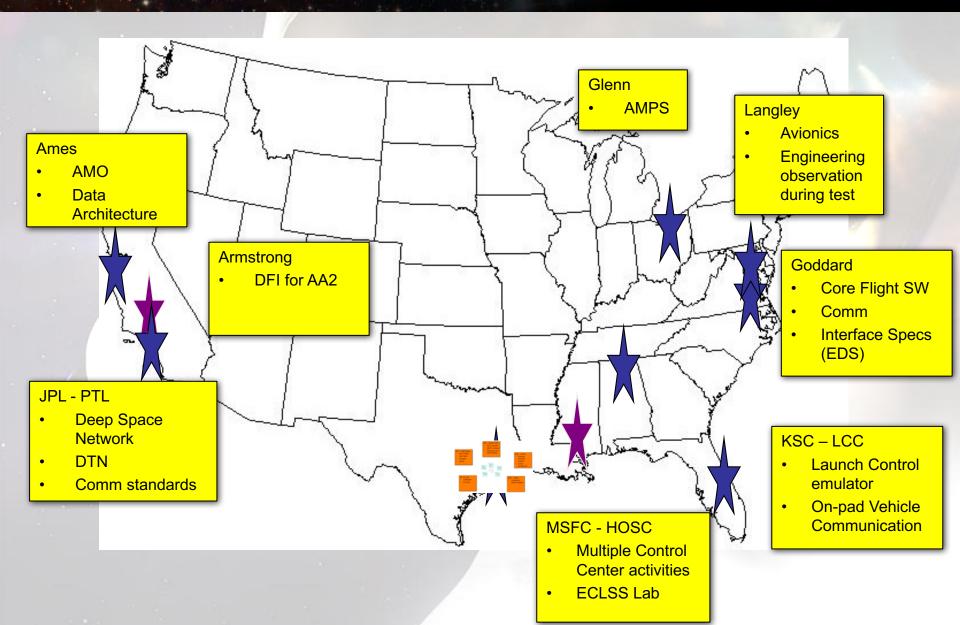
# JSC Lab Integration via Fiber



#### B30 – Mission Ops MCC emulator **SNRF** interface Telemetry and B16 - GNC/Dome commanding Star Tracker B44 - Comm Star Field Channel simulator Cockpits **TDRSS** Dome Comm architecture Apps Store GNC Apps DTN on Crew Displays **B7- ECLSS/HESTIA** B361 – ISRU/Power Chambers Interface to PLS lab power systems

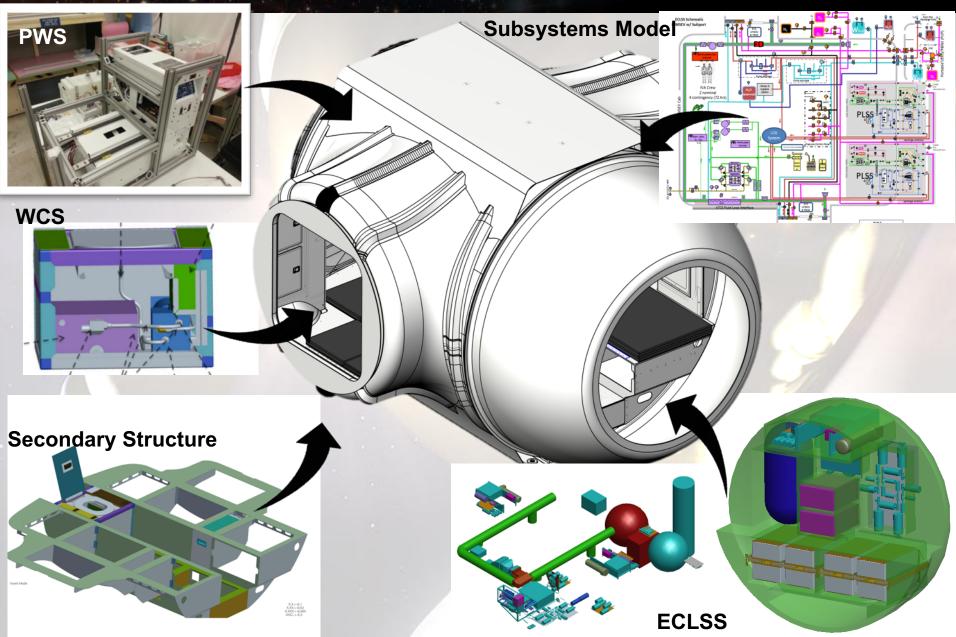
## Multi-center Integration





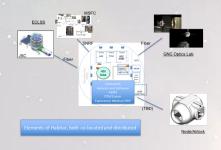
#### Summary of Node / Airlock Test Unit – Building 9

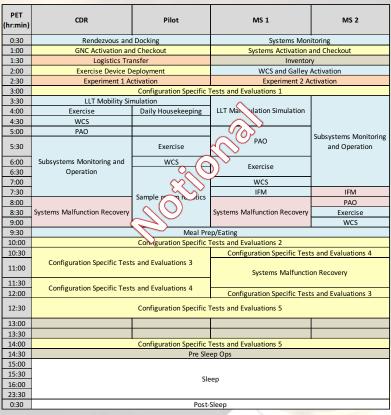




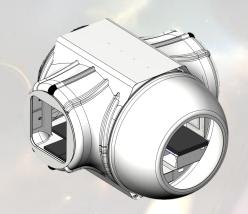
## Integration and Test Environment







Ultimately, functions supplied by Next Step Contractor Mockups





## Test Schedule



- Initial iPAS Test: September 2017
  - Completed
- Crew in the loop Test: December 2017
- Follow on habitat tests: Spring/Summer 2018
- Initial Contractor Hab tests: 1Q FY19
- In Addition: Contractors will be providing status and data during FY18, providing data such as VR models, etc.

# **EVA Considerations**

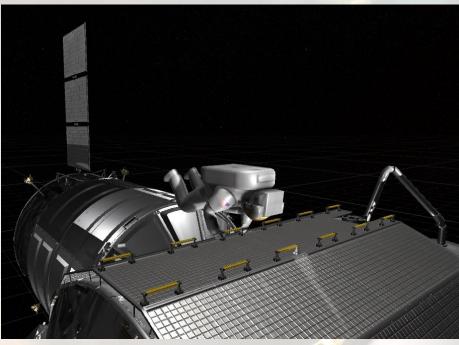




# Virtual Reality







- Design Evaluation
- Mission Planning
- Crew Training
- Just in Time Training On-board

## System Design and Interfaces



- Some NextSTEP Contractors may include airlock
- Design considerations
  - Stowage
  - EVA Operations
  - Integration with ECLSS
- Eventual Ground Test Plan
  - ECLSS Chambers
  - NBL

Consider what tests can be conducted on the ground, and when

